Eating for Health

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Presentation for ECHO Series



June 17, 2021





Food and Nutrition Insecurity is...

Definition



Food and nutrition insecurity can be defined as the inability to access adequate quantities of nutritious foods required for optimal growth and development. There is a direct relationship between food and nutrition insecurity and poverty (<u>NHLBI, 2016</u>).

Source: Murthy VH. Food insecurity: a public health perspective. Public Health Rep. 2016;131:655–657. doi: 10.1177/0033354916664154. [PMC free article] [PubMed] [CrossRef] [Google Schola





... is a National Problem

Feeding America's annual "Map the Meal Gap" report highlights key data and trends related to food security.

Key findings for 2019 include:



40 million people, including more than 12 million children, in the United States are food insecure as of 2017, as estimated by the USDA.¹ That means 1 in 8 individuals (13%) and 1 in 6 children (17%) live in households without consistent access to adequate food.

Every U.S. county and congressional district is home to people who face hunger.



- Estimated rates of county food insecurity range from 3% to 36% for the overall population.
- Mississippi is home to the highest county rate and Michigan is home to the highest district rate in the country, but no community is free of food insecurity.

Source: https://www.feedingamerica.org/sites/default/files/2019-05/2017-map-the-meal-gap-all-modules 0.pdf



... is a Local Problem



Just under 13 percent of the population in 6 counties (Allen, Johnson and Wyandotte in Kansas: Cass, Jackson and Lafayette in Missouri) are food insecure.

This includes more than 150,000 adults and 41,000 children. The rate ranges from a high of more than 17 percent in Allen and Wyandotte counties to a low of 9 percent in Johnson county.

* INFORMATION COLLECTED BY HEALTH FORWARD FOUNDATION AND THE HSM GROUP 2017 Calculator estimates are obtained by the CFI Calculator. Health care costs include PCP visits, emergency department visits, hospitalization, and medication costs for chronic conditions stemming from food insecurity. Health care costs include PCP visits, preventative care, emergency department visits, hospitalization, and medication costs for children



Correlation between

Nutrition and Food insecurity and other health issues

Counties with the highest rates of food insecurity also have a higher prevalence of diabetes, obesity and persons with some form of disability.

The county-level analysis in Map the Meal Gap reflects the previously stated narrative. Among counties with the highest estimated rates of food insecurity (top 10%):



- one in eight individuals has a diabetes diagnosis
- one in three individuals experience obesity
- one in five has some form of disability





Negative Effects

of Nutrition and Food insecurity on early childhood development

There is a broad base of literature illustrating links between food insecurity and poor child health and behavioral outcomes at every age. (Source)



 Inadequate nutrition can permanently alter children's brain architecture and stunt their intellectual capacity, affecting children's learning, social interaction and productivity.

Source: hunger-health-impact-poverty-food-insecurity-health-well-being.pdf (frac.org)







The goal

Important Definitions



Nutrition security emphasizes the importance of essential nutrients, as noted by the National Institutes of Health. Adequate nutrition security requires the intake of a wide range of foods which provides the essential needed nutrients.

Food security refers to availability and access to food for all people.

Training purposes only, remove from Sponsorship Template



Healthy eating – how to





Make the healthy the easy choice



Making small, simple changes to your overall eating pattern can help you and your family stay healthy. Learn the basics of good nutrition and making healthy food and drink choices.





Eat an overall healthy dietary pattern that emphasizes:

- a variety of fruits and vegetables
- whole grains
- low-fat dairy products
- skinless poultry and fish
- nuts and legumes
- non-tropical vegetable oils





CANNED, DRIED, FRESH & FROZEN

4 SERVINGS or 2 CUPS



LOW FAT (1%) AND FAT-FREE

3 SERVINGS or 3 CUPS





EGGS, NON-FRIED FISH, LEAN MEAT, LEGUMES, NUTS, SKINLESS POULTRY & SEEDS

1-2 SERVINGS or 5.5 OUNCES



WHOLE GRAINS

BARLEY, BROWN RICE, MILLET, OATMEAL, POPCORN AND WHOLE WHEAT BREAD, CRACKERS & PASTA

3-6 SERVINGS or 3-6 OUNCES





POLYUNSATURATED AND MONOUNSATURATED CANOLA, OLIVE, PEANUT, SAFFLOWER & SESAME OIL





LIMIT

- Sweetened drinks •
- Sodium and salty foods
- Saturated fats and dietary cholesterol •
- Fatty or processed red meats if you choose to • eat meat, select leaner cuts
- Refined carbohydrates like added sugars and • processed grain foods
- **Full-fat dairy products** •
- Tropical oils such as coconut and palm oil •

AVOID

Trans fat and partially hydrogenated oils - found • in some commercially baked and fried foods



THESE SIX POPULAR FOODS CAN ADD

The American Heart Association recommends that you aim to eat less than 1,500 mg of sodium per day.

Look for the Heart-Check mark to find products that can help you make



A slice of pizza with several oppings can contain more than half of your daily recommended dietary sodium. Limit the cheese and add more veggies to your next slice.



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SANDWICHE

A sandwich or burger from

a fast food restaurant can

contain more than 100 percent

of your daily suggested dietary

sodium. Try half a sandwich

with a side salad instead.



Building Healthy lunch habits at work:

Among the 85% of employed Americans who typically eat lunch at work:







When shopping – learn what to look for on the label



- 1* Start with the serving information at the top.
- 2* Next, check total calories per serving and container.
- 3* Limit certain nutrients.
- 4* Get enough of the beneficial nutrients.
- 5*- Understand % Daily Value.





Healthy eating and outreach





Creating opportunities: Complex problems need complex solutions

- Connect with local agencies who are doing the work, stakeholders, and the public (community forums). Ask for support and direction.
 - Identify need and opportunities •
- Support or provide initiatives to educate on healthy food. The can is ok teach on how to recognize what ingredients are and what can be selected.
- Research Policies and guidelines to provide to others and to potentially start grassroots ٠ level change.





Questions





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